Financial assistance to district hospitals

2117. SHRI SU.THIRUNAVUKKARASAR: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the amount of money allotted to district hospitals in different States for their improvement; and

(b) how many district level hospitals in the country are having facilities for heart operations and kidney transplantation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) The District Hospitals are established and maintained by respective States through their own budgets. The annual allocations vary from State to State and year to year. Under the National Rural Health Mission additional financial support is extended to District Hospitals by the Government of India. This support is for physical upgradation, compensating gaps in Human Resources through contractual appointment of key personnel and annual corpus grant of Rs. 5 lakh to Rogi Kalyan Samiti at District Hospitals. The States have undertaken detailed facility surveys of District Hospitals and prepared plans for their upgradation under the Integrated District Health Action Plans. These plans are collated into the Annual Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs) by respective States. The Annual PIPs are supported by Government of India under NRHM after appraisal and approval of the National Programme Coordination Committee (NPCC).

(b) At present, District Level Hospitals are tertiary care centers but not super specialty centres. They are not envisaged to have facilities for heart operations and kidney transplantation. Under the India Public Health Standards, Super Specialty services including Cardio-thoracic Vascular Surgery and Nephrology are envisaged at District Level Hospitals which have 301 to 500 beds.

Trauma care centres in Bihar

2118. SHRI RAJNITI PRASAD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) how many Trauma Care Centres would be established along National Highways in Bihar and the details thereof, Centre-wise;

(b) what would be the facilities in those Trauma Care Centres;

(c) how much is the budget for these Trauma Care Centres;

(d) what is the target for completion of these Trauma Care Centres; and

(e) the derails thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMDOSS): (a) to (e) Under the scheme for establishment of trauma care centres along National Highways during the 11th five year plan, the following hospitals/Institutes have been identified for setting up trauma care centres:-

(i) Sasaram Taluk Hospital, Rohtas (L-III)

(ii) AN Magadh Medical College, Gaya (L-II)

(iii) Civil Hospital, Kishanganj (L-III)

(iv) Distt Hospital, Purnia (L-II)

(v) Civil Hospital, Madhepura (L-III)

(vi) Darbhanga Medical College, Darbhanga (L-II)

(vii) S.K. Medical College Hospital, Muzaffarpur (L-II)

(viii) Civil Hospital, Gopalganj (L-III)

(ix) Civil Hospital, Jhanjarpur (L-III)

The proposed AIIMS like institution at Patna will have a level-1 trauma care centres.

The funds earmarked for L-I, L-II and L-III Centres are upto Rs. 16.00 crores, Rs, 9.65 crores and Rs. 4.80 crores respectively. These centres would have well equipped emergency department, intensive care unit, operation theater, blood bank, rehabilitation services alongwith broad range of comprehensive diagnostic capabilities and supportive services depending on the level of trauma care centre. Communication Network alongwith advance life supported ambulances will also be available in these centres.

Free delivery facility for women in hospitals

†2119. SHRI PYARELAL KHANDELWAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that rural population of the country especially women are deprived of the benefits derived from Government Medical Schemes;

(b) whether it is also a fact that women are forced to have delivery without any medical assistance;

(c) if not, the details of Government schemes and the results achieved therefrom, State-wise;

(d) whether Government proposes to issue any guidelines to all the private nursing homes/hospitals to provide free delivery facilities for women; and

(e) if not, the details thereof and the reaction of Government towards World Health Report, 2008?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMDOSS): (a) to (e) The National Rural Health Mission (NRHM, 2005-2012), and under its umbrella, the Reproductive and Child Health Programme Phase II, launched by the Government of India in the year 2005, aims to improve access for rural people, especially poor women and children to equitable, affordable, accountable and effective primary health care, with a special focus on 18 States which have weak public health indicators and weak infrastructure.

As per the National Family Health Survey (NFHS) III (2005-06) survey report, published in 2007; of the total deliveries in the country 48.8% of deliveries are assisted by a health provider.

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.